THE COLUMBIAN
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1796. [Vol. IV.---No. 540.

☞ VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be expoſed for ſale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water ſtreets)

A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the ſale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and ſelling of ſuch articles therein between the times of public ſales as may be on limitation. They likewiſe offer their ſervices in tranſacting any kind of Commiſſion Buſineſs.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th, 1796.

On Monday the 26th inſt. at 10 o'clock, will be ſold at the Houſe of Mr. Cherui,

All the Furniture of the

ſaid Cherui, conſiſting of Dining and Card Tables, Mahogany and Windſor Chairs, Looking-glaſſes, Bed ſteads, Matraſſes, &c. with a variety of Houſehold and Kitchen Furniture, and a good Milch Cow, Riding Chair and Harneſs,

MARSTELLER & SONS.

Sept. 17.

An elegant Forte Piano.

FOR SALE,

At the Vendue Store.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

Sept. 15.

On Credit.

WILL BE SOLD,

In fee ſimple, at Public Vendue, on the premiſes, on the 8th day of October, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

Several unimproved Lots

on Duke and Royal Streets, one of which is a corner lot. Alſo, three lots on Fairfax ſtreet, two of which have ſmall framed houſes thereon. The conditions of ſale will be ¼ of the purchaſe money to be paid in 30 and 60 days—¼ more in 6 months—another ¼ in 12 months—and the remaining ¼ in 18 months after the day of ſale. This property is part of the ſquare on which the Preſbyterian Church ſtands.

Wm. BUSHBY.

Sept. 17. 3wep.

Antigua Rum & Muſcovado Sugars,

London particular Madeira Wine, in pipes, hogſheads, and quarter caſks, warranted 5 yeaes old, and of a very ſuperior quality,

Rice in hogſheads and tierces,

Fifty barrels prime New-York Pork,

James River Coal,

And fifty hogſheads of yellow Maryland Tobacco,

FOR SALE BY

ROBERT HAMILTON.

Sept. 17. eptf.

TO German Servants to be ſold; one of them is a baker, the other a cooper—the baker has two years to ſerve, the cooper has three years. Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 1. 3t.

ALL who are or may be intereſted, are deſired to take notice, that I intend to apply to the Aſſembly at the next Seſſion, for an act to grant to me and my heirs, that piece of ground in the town of Alexandria, with the improvements thereon, which John Frederick Henninger of the ſaid town, lately died ſeized.

ANN SPADDEN.

Sept. 17.

FOR SALE,

For Morris and Nicholſon's Notes,

A lot in the Federal City,

A Lot in the town of Bath; a ſhare or two in the Potomack Company; two Kilns of Bricks; 4780 acres land in Ohio County

R. T. HOOE.

Auguſt 21. 4w

For Cowes, in England,

The SHIP

PARKMAN,

LEWIS M'MILLAN, Maſter,

A ſtrong, good ſhip, almoſt new, ſails well, and has good accommodations for paſſengers. She is expected to ſail in ten or twelve days. For paſſage only apply to the Maſter on board, at Adam's Wharf, or the ſubſcribers.

J. M'REA & CO.

Alexandria, Sept. 14, '96.

For Freight or Charter,

THE NEW SHIP

Hannah & Eliza,

OF BOSTON,

Burthen 262 tons, Robert Emery, Maſter—ſails ſuperior to moſt merchantmen,—will be ready to take in a cargo in a few days.—She will bear inſpection.

FOR SALE,

ON BOARD SAID SHIP,

A few puncheons and barrels New England Rum; Gentlemen's ſhoes and Ladie's and Gentlemens' Morocco ſhoes and ſlippers of a ſuperior quality. For terms apply to the maſter on board.

Sept. 20. tf.

Freight wanted.

THE SLOOP

POLLY,

OF GEORGETOWN

Burthen about 490 barrels, now lying at the end of Col. Fitzgerald's new wharf, will take in a freight for Norfolk or Richmond, upon very reaſonable terms. Enquire of the maſter on board.

Sept. 15. 3t.

FOR SALE.

An Elegant Harpſichord,

LATELY IMPORTED FROM ENGLAND.

THIS beautiful Inſtrument has two rows of keys, five ſtops, and is ſaid to have coſt eighty five guineas. It will be ſold cheap if applied for ſoon. Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 20. 3wep.

Blackford, Lewis, & Co.

At their Wholeſale Warehouſe, No. 8, Bank-Street, Baltimore,

Have imported in the Ship Montezuma, from London, and the Ship Rebecca, from Hull,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

—ALSO—

A variety of Fancy Goods,

Callicoes, Handkerchiefs, &c. which they will ſell cheap for caſh, or on the cuſtomary credit to punctual and conſtant cuſtomers. They daily expect a further ſupply of Goods by the Jane and Adriana from Liverpool.

Baltimore, Sept. 16. 6wep.

A Place wanted.

A Young Gentleman who is a native of France, but ſpeaks the Engliſh language, and is acquainted with buſineſs, would be glad of employment as a clerk in a Wholeſale or Retail Store.——He can produce ſatisfactory credentials of his ability and integrity. A line directed to A. B. and left with the Printer, will be punctually attended to. Sept. 20.

Two Dollars Reward.

STRAYED off the commons of Alexandria, ſome time ago, a ſmall BLACK HORSE, 13 hands high, 10 years old, has a ſtar in his forehead; no viſible brands, paces and trots; when went away was ſhod all round. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber's in Alexandria, will receive the above reward.

W. HOYE.

Sept. 20.

GEORGE M'MUNN,

HAS NOW MADE AND READY FOR SALE.

STILLS, aſſorted from 35 to 200 gall.
Hatters and Waſh Kettles.
Fiſh Kettles and Stew Pans.
Counter ſcales and ſcale beams aſſorted.
Laed and Iron weights in ſets.
Pewter meaſures, aſſorted.
Iron wire.
Sheet lead, and thin ſheet copper, fit for Houſe-plumming buſineſs.
An aſſortment of Tin Ware.

The whole of which are made in the beſt manner and ſold on reaſonable terms.

☞ Orders for all kind of Copper work will be duly attended to, and the higheſt price given for old Copper, Lead, and Pewter. July 30. 3mep

---

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next General Aſſembly of this ſtate, by the mayor and commonalty of the town of Alexandria, to incorporate with the ſaid town, the ſeveral additions lately laid out, and adjoining thereto; alſo to alter the day of holding the Court of Huſtings, and to enlarge the juriſdiction thereof.

Alexandria, Auguſt 16. 2 m.

In COUNCIL, Auguſt 24.

ORDERED, That a petition be preſented to the next Aſſembly, to empower the Mayor and Commonalty in all caſes where proprietors of the ground will not pay the taxes aſſeſſed upon his ground, and the coſt of removing thoſe nuiſances which may be found upon the grounds held by them, to ſell ſo much of their ground as will be neceſſary to raiſe the taxes ſo aſſeſſed, and the money which may be expended in removing the nuiſance from ſuch perſon' ground.

JONAH THOMPSON, MAYOR.

JOHN BOGUE,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a ſtore in the IRONMONGERY and HARDWARE LINE in King ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. Peter Wiſe's, where he offers for ſale the following articles on MODERATE TERMS;

A general Aſſortment of

Nails, clouts, tacks and ſpriggs. Plate and Cooper's rivets. A variety of locks, hinges, bolts, and ſcrews of all ſorts. Socket and other caſters. Plain, bureau, deſk, commode, and ſlop handles. Till locks. Card and dining table hinges. Carpenters', joiners', and cabinet-makers' tools of all kinds. German and caſt ſteel, pitt, croſs-cut, and other ſaws, warranted. With an aſſortment of hardware, &c.

☞ I will alſo be regular in my importation, and flatter myſelf of being able of ſerving the public in a variety of the above articles on moderate terms. I have alſo a general aſſortment of Groceries.

Sept. 6. 1m

Thirty Puncheons St. Croix Rum,

Now landing from on board the Schooner Hannah, Capt. Alliſon, and for ſale by

WM. HARTSHORNE & SONS.

Who have as uſual, Brown and Loaf Sugar, Fiſh, Salt, Bar Iron, and Tar.

Two Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of Dr. Cooke in this town, on Sunday night, the 18th inſt, a ſtout BAY GELDING, full ſeventeen hands high, ſeven or eight years old, a natural trotter, having a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, ſhod all round, his fetlocks and ears have been trimmed laſt week; has white ſpecks or films in both eyes. He is in middling order, his hoofs appear very tender, and his ſholders are marked with the collar. The above reward will be given to any perſon who will deliver the Horſe at Mr. M'Knight's ſtable.

Sept. 20.

I wiſh to take a young man

of good character, to the ſtudy of Medicine.

JAMES CRAIK.

Auguſt 20.

Mandeville and Jameſon

Have juſt received per the brigs Nancy, Carran, from Cadiz, Fair Columbian, Jamaica, and other veſſels,

40 puncheons high 4th proof Rum,
30 hogſheads prime ſugars,
50 bags Cotton.
10,000lb. Green Coffee.
20 Bags Race Ginger,
20 Bags black Pepper,
18 Bags Pimento.
80 Q. Caſks Sherry from 3 to 15 years old.
80 Qr Caſks Malaga.
12 Pipes Madeira.
20 Pipes Port.
10 pipes Cogniac Brandy.

They have alſo on hand a very general aſſortment of Bottled Wines, London Porter in caſks of 6 doz. and other liquors. Teas, Almonds, Spices, Rice, Soal Leather, Salt, Soap and candles, &c. which they will diſpoſe of wholeſale or retail for caſh or the uſual credit. Sept. 16.

JUST IMPORTED AND FOR SALE BY

JOHN CLARE,

At Mr. Marſteller's ſtore Prince-Street,

At a moderate advance for Caſh, or approved Notes at 60 Days,

20 pieces Chocolate Chintz Callicoes,
54 doz. Printed Cotton Handkerchiefs,
10 doz. do. do. Shawls,
39 doz. Black Silk Handkerchiefs,
30 doz. Check-Linen do.
36 ends Clouded and Twilled Nankeen,
1 box White Thread Edgings, containing 57 pieces.
A few Demies, Muſlins, &c.
24 Engliſh Saddles,
5 doz. do. Snaffle, Weymouth, &c. Bridles.
26 Beſt Plated Faſhionable Snaffle Bits,
9 doz. Horſe Bruſhes,
9 doz. 5 and 7 Barred Curry-Combs,
80 doz. Silver, Gilt, and Plated Elegant Garniſhed Whips.

The Saddles and Bridles, which are warranted, will be ſold ſingly; Curry-Combs, Bruſhes, and Whips by the half dozen: and all the other articles by the piece only.

June 28.

FOR SALE.

A full blood Engliſh dark cheſnut Mare,

SIX years old, fourteen hands and an half high imported in the Elizabeth, Captain Kennedy, from Liverpool, was landed the 15th June, 1795.

She was bred by Mr. Richardſon of Brough, near Appleby, Weſtmoreland; was got by Norton-Conyers, (own brother to Rockingham) out of Merryleſs which was got by Eclipſe. Norton-Conyers got by Highflyer, Dam Puruy, by March'em, out of Mr. Pratt's Squirt mare by Squirt, ſire of Marſk and Syphon, and grandſire of Eclipſe, &c. &c.

Independent of her qualities as a Racer, ſhe is well made for a brood Mare, and of the beſt ſtock England ever produced.

For particulars enquire of John Clare, Prince-Street Alexandra. July 26.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

Kemp Huſt, & Co.

At their Warehouſe in King-Street, three doors above Union Street,

Muſcovado Sugar in bbls:

Beſt Green Coffee in hogſheads and barrels, London Bottled Porter in tierces, and a few bags Pimento.

THE ſeveral perſons to whom John Lomax, by his Nuncupative Will, deviſed his Lands and Tenements in the Town of Alexandria, Give Notice, that they intend to preſent a petition to the Next General Aſſembly to paſs an act to confirm to them the Eſtates given them by that will.

Sept. 8. 3wep.

Wants a Place,

IN a Wet or Dry Good Store, a young lad of good connexion, who can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 20.

The Columbian
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

The following extract is taken from a work called "THE PROSPECT OF PHILADELHIA, *and is publiſhed as containing an uſeful hint to the Builders of Churches, particularly in new laid out towns.*

"The German Catholic Church, called the *Holy Trinity*, is built here. [In South Sixth-Street and the interſection of Spruce-Street.] It is 100 feet long, and 60 feet broad, with cellars under the whole.

"This Church deſerves the attention of the builders of places of worſhip more than any other in this city, becauſe part of the cellar is converted into a ſeminary of learning. The floor of the church is raiſed about three feet from the ground, and the cellar ſunk about ſeven feet under it, a part of which is floored, partitioned off, lathed, plaiſtered and glazed, and makes a comfortable ſchool-room.

"There are about 54,000 ſquare feet occupied by the different places of worſhip in the city, theſe, if cellared as the above, would make 135 ſchool rooms of twenty feet ſquare each, and would be ſufficient to contain 5000 children. The buildings would be the better for being uſed. A ſchool has been kept above twenty years, to my knowledge, under a church in one of Southern States."*

* *The church alluded to, is the German Lutheran one in Baltimore.*

FROM THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MR. FENNO,

I ſee that *Poor Richard's grand-child* publiſhed a notice yeſterday morning, ſigned *Peter Porcupine.* Pray, Sir, inform your readers, that this wayward ſplinter from old lightening rod never publiſhed an advertiſement for me, and never will.

I am,
Your moſt humble, and
Obedient Servant,
PETER PORCUPINE.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14, 1796.

FROM THE AMERICAN DAILY ADVERTISER.

Meſſrs. Claypoole,

The following is the copy of a letter directed by a Chickaſaw, who was on a viſit to the Cherokees, informing his friends of the death of the Hanging Maw, the great chief of the Cherokees. If there be any thing in the ideas or expreſſion which in your judgment would entitle it to a place in your paper, you will, by inſerting it, oblige

A CUSTOMER.

Telico Blockhouſe, April 10*th*, 1796.

Friends & Brothers,

When I came to this place about five days ago, I had the pleaſure of ſeeing and talking with our friend, the Hanging Maw; but he is now no more. Laſt night he went to *his great father*, and the *father of us all.* I ſaw him put in the ground, and am ſorry; for I think he has always been *our friend* and the friend of the white people.

Your friend and Brother,
(Signed)
CAPT. GEORGE.

FROM THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

MR. DAVIS,

I am an old farmer out of the verge of military arrangements, conſequently have no private intereſt in the organization thereof; but aware of the propriety of a well diſciplined militia, have no complaint againſt the [mode] by Congreſs—but as [abu]ſes are liable to be prevert[ed] [th]ere appears a perverſion in the [preſ]ent ſyſtem, to wit: A ſprightly youth of ſpirit and genius, is made an enſign to a company—his father, a poor man with a large family, whoſe utmoſt exertions of induſtry and frugality, can ſcarcely cloſe his accounts with the year's labor, muſt dreſs him in a ſuit of uniform of foreign fabrication, (which, of courſe, leaves him in debt to his merchant) or the poor lad is degraded, and every ſpark of military ardor damped, if not extinguiſhed.

Would it not be worth the conſideration for the conſtituted authorities, to adopt an uniform for the militia of this ſtate, of home manufacture? it would contribute to the convenience of many, and create a laudable emulation in that neceſſary branch of buſineſs.

I am, Sir,
Your humble ſervant,
HOMO.

Columbia, Auguſt 30, 1796.

Extract from Paine's laſt work, entitled "The decline and fall of the Engliſh Syſtem of Finance."

Before the war of 1755 there were no bank notes lower than twenty pounds. During that war bank notes of fifteen pounds and of ten pounds were coined; and now, ſince the commencement of the preſent war they are coined as low as five pounds. Theſe five pounds notes will circulate chiefly among little ſhop keepers, butchers, bakers, market people, renters of ſmall houſes, lodgers, &c. All the high departments of commerce, and the affluent ſtations of life were already *overſtocked*, as Smith expreſſes it, with bank notes. No place remained open wherein to croud an additional quantity of bank notes but among the claſs of people I have juſt mentioned, and the means of doing this could be beſt effected by coining five pound notes. This conduct has the appearance of that of an unprincipled inſolvent, who, when on the verge of bankruptcy to amount of many thouſands, will borrow as low as five pounds of the ſervants in his houſe, and break the next day.

But whatever momentary relief or aid the miniſter and his bank might expect from this low contrivance of five pound notes, it will encreaſe the inabliity of the bank to pay the higher notes, and haſten the deſtruction of all; for even the ſmall taxes that uſed to be paid in money will now be paid in thoſe notes, and the bank will ſoon find itſelf with ſcarcely any money than what the hair powder guinea tax brings in.

The bank notes make the moſt ſerious part of the buſineſs of finance; what is called the national funded debt is but a trifle when put in competition with it, yet the cauſe of the bank notes have never been touched upon. But it certainly ought to be known upon what authority, whether that of the miniſter or of the directors, and upon what foundation ſuch immenſe quantities are iſſued. I have ſtated the amount of them at ſixty millions ſterling; I have produced data for that eſtimation; and beſides this, the apparent quantity of them, far beyond that of gold and ſilver in the nation, corroborates therewith. But where there but a third of ſixty millions, the bank cannot pay half a crown in the pound: for no new ſupply of money, as before ſaid, can arrive at the bank, as all the taxes will be paid in paper.

When the funding ſyſtem began, it was not doubted that the loans that had been borrowed would be repaid. Government not only propagated that belief, but it began paying them off. In time this profeſſion came to be abandoned; and it is not difficult to ſee that bank notes will march the ſame way; for the amount of them is only another debt under another name, and the probability is, that Mr. Pitt will at laſt propoſe funding them. In that caſe bank notes will not be ſo valuable as French aſſignats. The aſſignats have a ſolid property in reverſe in the national domains, bank notes have none: and beſides this, the Engliſh revenue muſt ſink down to what the amount of it was before the funding ſyſtem began, between three and four millions. One of which the *arch-treaſurer* would require for himſelf, and the arch-treaſurer *apparent* would require three quarters of a million more to pay his debts. "*In France*, ſays Sterne, *they order theſe things better.*"

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 13.

From the Amſterdam Gazette of July 1, *tranſlated for the Minerva.*

The laſt letters from Peterſburg inform, that merchandize, the property of the Dutch, which had arrived there in neutral bottoms, had been ſequeſtered by order of the Empreſs, without any previous prohibition of an importation.

Three deputies are gone to Paris to bear to the directory the wiſhes of the people of Lombardy, in reſpect to a revolution in the government.

The municipality have publiſhed an edict of which the ſubject of the preamble is as follows:

"Liberty, citizens, advances towards us rapidly, and the tree which we have planted appears to be taking root.—— The people, undeceived and calm, deſpiſe thoſe who have blinded them.—Renouncing all prejudices, they know no diſtinction of men, but the good and bad citizens, the patriot, or the ariſtocrat. But they view, with diſguſt, the arms of the nobles expoſed in public, heir domeſtics adorned with liveries to gratify ariſtocratic pride. The ears of the people can no longer endure the ridiculous names of count, marquis, baron, duke, prince, and noble. The citizen who paſſes before the tribunal and reads the head of the decrees—"By order of the feudal Pretorſhip" burns with indignation that the infamous feudal government yet exiſts, and ſeems to accuſe the municipality which permits it, while at the head of all their orders they prefix "Liberty, Equality."—And you, nobles, if you are not enemies to the people, and of yourſelves ſacrafice voluntarily privileges, as unjuſt as frivolous. Conſider that it is as unjuſt to value yourſelves on the merits of your anceſtors, as it would be to be puniſhed for their crimes. Burn the parchments and coats of arms that preſerve your pretended pride and rank—let the fire purge you of your ancient errors. Do not think the people will oppreſs you—the people are juſt—they pity error and accept the repenting. Let the nobles become people, and the people will receive them with open arms."

Subſtance of the decree.

Art. I. Nobility remain aboliſhed forever. 2. No perſon ſhall take any title of nobility, but ſolely that of a citizen, or of his profeſſion, or of his office. 3. All the nobles ſhall in eight days, bring to the public houſe of each commune, the papers, which prove only their nobility, to be there burnt. 4. All feudal authority is aboliſhed—alſo all excluſive privileges of hunting. 5. All armorials, liveries, and other Diſtinctions of Rank are aboliſhed. 6. All corporations which require proofs of nobility are aboliſhed. 7. Thoſe who contravene the preſent decree, ſhall be conſidered as attached to ariſtocracy, and enemies of the people.

The new commiſſary, has by proclamation ordained, that all perſons indebted to government, or powers at war with France, or to emigrants, ſhall render an account of the ſums due. Another proclamation orders an inventory to be made of all the moveables belonging to the church.

SEPTEMBER 14.

We yeſterday received the Journal of Frankfort to June 30. The ſubſtance of the intelligence contained in the papers, is, that the troubles in Corſica are quieted and the Viceroy is determined to convoke a new Parliament and accede to the demands of the inhabitants, which are found to be reaſonable.

That the formal ſiege of Mantua commenced on the 3d of June—the garriſon having been firſt ſummoned to ſurrender—The garriſon conſiſts of 8000 men, beſides 400 cannoneers.—That Mr. Otis, the miniſter who was ſent to Paris to accommodate the differences between the Cantons of Switzerland and the French republic, had returned with a ſatisfactory explanation, and that the good underſtanding between theſe States would not be interrupted. That Prince Hohenlohe, general of artillery, is to have the command of the Auſtrians on the Upper Rhine. That the French diviſion under general Kleber ſuffered very much in the action of June 19th at Ukeradt. The Auſtrian accounts repreſent the Belgians as extremely diſſatisfied with their new French government—they being ſubject to requiſitions of proviſions and horſes for the French armies—to the forced loan—to old taxes and new—in ſhort univerſal ſadneſs reigns at Bruſſels.

All the ſtates of Italy had concluded a peace with their conqueror Buonaparte. We are promiſed ſome papers and much pains will be taken to give a general view of the politics on his departure. Theſe papers contain official accounts of the ſurrender of the citadel of Milan, in which 2,800 priſoners, and 150 cannon, with large quantities of warlike ſtores, were taken.

CURRACOA.

Conſiderable anxiety prevailed yeſterday in conſequence of accounts received from this Island, by the ſhip Calliope, ſtating that very great diſturbance exiſted there—and that every thing had been left in a ſtate of the utmoſt confuſion and diſtreſs.

We have however been favoured with a copy of a letter from a gentleman of character in Curracoa, to a very reſpectable houſe in this city, written on the afternoon on which the veſſel ſailed, which happily removes the impreſſions firſt made by the above intelligence.

It appears that the diſputes ſaid to have occaſioned the diſturbance, originated in an oppoſition by many of the garriſon eſtabliſhed in Curracoa againſt the new order of things as lately adopted in Holland; and a refuſal of the officers to take the neceſſary oaths, &c. as required by orders tranſmitted by the Dutch Admiral Van Braack, from Surinam. Theſe differences amongſt the whites had excited ſome alarming appearances among the blacks; which however had all ſubſided.

PHILADELPHIA SEPT. 15.

Extract of a letter from an eminent houſe in Liſbon to a merchant in this city, dated July 23.

"This court has laid an embargo on the Dutch ſhips, and forbid all intercourſe with the ſtates of Holland—a rupture not in the leaſt expected. Embaſſies are ſending to London, Madrid, and Paris, and a ſevere preſs is making for the army, which indicates a rupture with Spain: and it is hoped theſe hoſtile movements will ſubſide as ſoon as an explanation takes place, through the interventio of the envoys."

A Portugueſe paſſeger in the laſt arrival from Liſbon informs, that the French government has made a requiſition on the Court of Portugal, that they ſhould pay 20 millions of crowns and ſhut their ports againſt the Britiſh —and threaten, in caſe of non-compliance, to march 50,000 men through Spain into Portugal. The above may account for theſe meaſures.

The account from Liſbon by the Independent, wear a very gloomy aſpect; univerſal conſternation, pervaded the court and the people of all ranks, in conſequence of the hoſtile threats of the French, and certain [no]tifications from the court of Ma[drid]

upon the political connections ſubſiſting between the courts of Liſbon and St. James's.

It was underſtood at Liſbon, that the Spaniſh miniſter had officially ſignified the intention of his catholic majeſty to permit a French army of 70,000 men, to march through his dominions into Portugal, unleſs the latter court without delay, ſhut all her ports againſt, and forbid the future entry of Britiſh veſſels.

The moſt active preparations were however carrying on in all parts of Portugal, to raiſe on army for the defence of the country; and the expedient of impreſſing men for the army had been reſorted to, in order to accompliſh the more ſpeedy collection of a large army.

The firſt diviſion of the Brazil fleet had arrived; the ſecond, being the moſt valuable, was hourly expected.

On Friday the 30th inſt. will be ſold at the Vendue Store, a quantity of

Low priced Iriſh Linens,

at a credit of 60 days, for approved negotiable notes.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

Sept. 22.

AT a Meeting of the Board of Directors held on the 3d of September, '96, at the General Office of the Mutual Aſſurance Society againſt fire on buildings in this State:—Reſolved that the following be publiſhed.

Doubts having ariſen under the Conſtitution, Rules and Regulations of the ſaid Society, whether thoſe who had paid their premiums unto the Caſhier-general, had their property inſured from the day of payment. The following queſtion has been ſubmitted to John Marſhall, John Wickham, and Edmund Randolph, Eſqs.—to wit:

Are thoſe perſons who have paid, or may hereafter pay, their reſpective premiums entitled to the benefit of aſſurance, under the law conſtituting the ſociety, and the conſtitution rules, and regulations thereof, before the premiums upon the certified value of buildings to the amount of 1,500,000 *dollars are paid?*

Who have each given his opinion at large all agreeing, that the inſurance takes place from the day of payment, although the premium to the amount of 1,500,000 dollars have not been paid in; and although the policies have not iſſued. And as it appears that thoſe who have given in their declarations are bound to pay the premiums with an intereſt thereon, and may be ſubject to pay for their proportion of loſſes, in addition although they are not to have the benefit of inſurance until they pay their premiums, will readily ſee in how diſadvantageous ſituation they ſtand while they remain deniquents.

By order of the Directors,

WILLIAM F. AST,
Principal Agent.

THE partnerſhip between the ſubſcribers was diſſolved on the 14th inſtant by mutual conſent. The books of the company are lodged with Burr Powell. Thoſe having demands againſt their concern, as well as thoſe indebted to it, are requeſted to call on him for ſettlement.

BURR POWELL.
JOS. LEWIS, Jun.

Sept. 17. 3t.

FOR SALE,

A LEASE for three lives unexpired on Fifty Acres of Land within one mile of the Red-Houſe, in Prince William County, on the main road leading from Pennſylvania to Carolina. The land is of firſt rate quality, and part of it will make excellent meadow. It is well watered and timbered. On it there is Fencing, a Store Houſe, a Dwelling Houſe, Kitchen, &c. The leaſe is ſubject to an annual rent of five hundred pounds of Tobacco. It is in a rich neighbourhood, and is thought an excellent ſtand for a retail ſtore.

ARESS BUCKNER } Attorneys for
JOHN MUNCASTER } Jas. H. Hooe.

N. B. The Premiſſes will be ſhewn, and terms made known, by Areſs Buckner, in Loudoun County, within ſix miles of the premiſſes.

Sept. 23. 1m,

A few quarter caſks of excellent old Sherry Wine for ſale by

JOSEPH SAUL.

Auguſt 20,

Alexandria, Sept. 22.

We announce with the moſt ſenſible regret the reſignation of the preſidential chair by the beloved WASHINGTON. His addreſs to the Citizens of the United States on this occaſion we have received in the papers by laſt night's mail, which, though lengthy, we ſhall endeavour to give entire in our next.

On the ſubject of the Preſident's intention to retire to the walks of private life, a writer in the Maryland Journal thus expreſſes himſelf:

"Gracious Heaven! how innumerable are the obligations which we owe to his unparalleled ſervices. Let us come forward one and all, to ſhake an opinion (which has obtained in the earlier ages of the world) that *Republicans* are *ungrateful*. Let us, by every affectionate teſtimony, before we take leave of our beloved friend, the friend of his country and the friend of mankind, prove to him our gratitude by addreſſes, from every county and every place, the high veneration we have for his great and manifold ſervices as a man—as *Commander in Chief* of the *American Armies* who conducted us to the glorious *Independence* and *Liberty* we enjoy, under the bleſſing of Heaven—and as our Chief Magiſtrate for preſerving *Peace*, when the nations of the world are bathing their hands in each others blood. Let our grateful acknowledgments to him, not be couched in the cold language of inſenſibility, but let them breathe the warm language of dutiful children, to the *Father* and *Saviour* of his *Country*!"

LATEST LONDON ACCOUNTS.

There has been an arrival at New-York from London, by which, papers to the 28th of July have been received.

Among the moſt important articles are the official accounts of the advances of the French armies to, and the capture of the city of Frankfort. Other articles begin to ſpeak more confidently of a negotiation for peace having taken place with the Emperor; thoſe under the Vienna head particularly, although we do not find any official or poſitive data on which the circumſtance is founded. On this ſubject however, a letter from a gentleman at Deal to his friend in New-York, dated 26th July, and received by the Jenny, has the following remarks: "I have juſt landed at this place from Havre. There is poſitive news that the emperor has acceded to the terms propoſed by the French, and that peace will ſhortly take place."

A few extracts from the above mentioned papers follow.

LONDON, JULY 28.

It is very ſtrongly rumored that parliament will be ſummoned to meet in the month of September next.

The French have certainly gained more battles and more territory in a few weeks, than any conquerors have done before in any war; but Mr. Pitt ſays we muſt have indemnity for the paſt, and ſecurity for the future.

Mr. Pinckney, the American envoy had an audience of leave, on his return home, immediately after, Mr. King had a cloſet audience to deliver his letters credential, to which they were ſeverally introduced by lord Grenville, ſecretary of ſtate, and conducted by Mr. Cotterell, aſſiſtant maſter of the ceremonies.

PARIS, JULY 20.

We may expect important and ſpeedy changes in the politics of Europe. It is certain that the government of England refuſed to pay the emperor, for theſe two reaſons—the firſt is, that money is very difficult to be found, the ſecond is, that the government would riſk the loſing of it, becauſe the emperor would only be enabled by it to conclude a ſeperate peace, which the French armies are negociating with great activity.—Every thing announces that a ſeparate peace is not far off. We are aſſured that the Marquis De Gallo has made ſome propoſitions on the ſubject at Baſle—that the Auſtrian miniſter and Barthelemi begin to viſit each other; that the latter has required from the former the arreſt of the ci-devant Maquis de Potterat, who had made ſeveral journies to Swetzerland and Vienna.

On the other hand, the Empreſs of Ruſſia does not think herſelf ſufficiently ſure of the ſupport of Auſtria, ſo terribly weakened by the war; nor of the aſſiſtance of England who is herſelf negociating, and who, if ſhe does not conclude a ſeparate peace may have to reſiſt all the efforts of the French and Dutch republics, aſſiſted perhaps by Spain.

The empreſs appears, in conſequence to have adjourned her projects againſt Turkey. She is offering an alliance with Turkey, at the moment in which her troops marched, and were about to attack the Ottoman Power. She confines herſelf to conqueſts in Perſia, and round the Caſpian Sea. She labours to ſurround the Turks by degrees, and then ſhe will be able to attack them without danger. (Eclair.)

A private letter from general Morlins, dated Straſburg, announces that the Prince of Wurtemberg has ſent two miniſters to general Moreau, to treat for an armiſtice; and as his commiſſioners had not returned, and might have been taken by the Auſtrians; he ſent two more commiſſioners to Baſle; that the latter, on their arrival at Baſle having heard of the ſucceſs of the French, and fearing that they ſhould arrive too late to ſave their maſter's territories, went directly to Straſburg, and from thence to head-quarters, to treat with the commander in chief.

The Americans lately celebrated the anniverſary of American independence. Amongſt the gueſts, who were to the number of 200, we obſerved ſeveral ambaſſadors, the miniſter, Charles Lacroix, and ſeveral of his principal friends——; thirty deputies, ſuch as Portulis, Barbé Marbois, Dumolard, Lanjuinais, Louvet and Tallien, who was more humble and more ſilent than in the orgies which preceded and followed the 13th Vendemaire.

Louvet paid his reckoning to-day, by relating in his Journal the different toaſts that were drank; but we know not why he has forgotten to mention the toaſt drank with ſuch eclat to Preſident Waſhington, as alſo that to the majority in Congreſs? It is true that Charles Lacroix has refuſed to drink that toaſt, and declared himſelf in a deliberate tone of voice that he was for the minority. But Louvet, perhaps, thinks with Charles Lacroix and Robeſpierre, that virtue is in the minority throughout the world!

Further accounts by the arrival at City Point, mentioned in our laſt, ſtate that the French army is advancing rapidly on the Rhine without encountering much difficulty—that an armiſtice has been concluded between the Pope and the French Republic, in which the Pope agrees to pay the French Republic 21 millions of French money, 15 millions and a half to be in ſpecie or ingots, and the remainder in merchandiſe, horſes, &c.—that the Chouans have given up, and are ſurrendering *en maſſe*—that the Council of Elders had declared that there was grounds of accuſation againſt Druet, by a majority of 82—that the cauſe of the French taking poſſeſſion of the port of Leghorn, was the inſults offered to French veſſels in that port by the Engliſh, who had carried off ſeveral veſſels—but the French commander aſſures the Grand Duke of Tuſcany that his flag, the garriſon and property, ſhall be ſcrupulouſly reſpected; and that their conduct ſhall be conformable to the principles of neutrality which they have been ſent to maintain.

DUMOURIER,

Has lately publiſhed a pamphlet of 136 pages, in which he recants his former ſentiments and expreſſes a wiſh to return to France. "The ſovereign people (ſays he) has ſpoken; and every Frenchmen ſhould either ſubmit, or renounce his country." He approves of the new Conſtitution, but laments that by it Emigrants ſhould for ever be baniſhed their country. With reſpect to the queſtion of peace, France, he thinks, cannot procure that bleſſing, without renouncing her conqueſts. He concludes by making the following overture for his return—"This proſcribed perſon (meaning himſelf) deteſts factions, but loves his country, that country which, whatever his enemies may ſay, he has once ſaved, and will again ſave, if he ſhould be recalled in a dangerous criſis."

At the celebration of the Fete in honour of American Liberty, by the citizens of the United States in Paris, on the 4th July laſt, a cover was laid, and a place reſerved which every gueſt reſpected with feelings of admiration and regret. Upon the cover was fixed a paper with this inſcription: "*For General La Fayette, Commander of the American Light Infantry.*"

Notice.

ALL perſons having juſt claims againſt the Eſtate of Joſeph Cockrell, dec'd. of Fairfax county, are deſired to bring them in properly atteſted—and all thoſe indebted to the ſaid Eſtate by bond or otherwiſe, are deſired to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber, or he ſhall deal with them as the law directs, that he may be enabled to ſettle the claims againſt ſaid eſtate.

H. GUNNELL, Adm'r.

Sept. 22. 3t.

NOTICE.

MY wife Catharine having eloped from my bed and board, I hereby caution all perſons from crediting her on my account, as I am determined not to be anſwerable after this publication.

MAURICE MOORE.

Clifton Mills, Sept. 14.

STOLEN,

ON the night of the 5th of Auguſt, from an incloſed field of Thomas Griſwood's, on the highroad leading from Baltimore to Alexandria, and within one mile of the former town, a handſome IRON-GREY MARE, riſing five years old, near 15 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder and thigh with the letter G—the latter much worn out, and is a natural trotter. I will give 8 dollars on delivery of the Mare to me in this town, and 12 dollars on proſecution of the thief, on information given to Mr. James Kearinge, Bricklayer.

JAMES ROBINSON.

Sept. 22.

A Houſe to be rented in

Battle-Town, finiſhed for a ſtore. The ſtore room is 18 feet ſquare, the compting, 12 by 18, with a good ſtone chimney. Both rooms are lined with plank. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber in Battle-Town.

JOHN NELSON.

Sept. 15.

On Thurſday the 6th day of October next, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder on 12 months credit,

A large ſtock of Horſes,

Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Alſo, the Plantation Utenſils, &c. &c. At the ſame time will be ſold for ready money,

Two Negro Men,

the eſtate of the late Mr. William Ellzey, dec'd. of Loudoun. The ſale will begin at the manſion houſe of the dec'd. and when all is ſold at that place, it will be continued on the following day at the plantation on Broad Run.

W. ELLZEY, Executor of
W. ELLZEY, dec'd.

All perſons having claims againſt the eſtate will bring them forward for ſettlement, and thoſe indebted will pleaſe to make payment to the Executor.

Loudoun County, Virg. }
September 1, 1796. }

A VERY VALUABLE MERCHANT MILL, A DISTILLERY AND BREWERY, AND SUNDRY STONE QUARRIES TO BE LET.

I WILL rent my Merchant Mill at the Little Falls of Potowmac, for any term, not leſs than ſeven, or more than eleven years, from the firſt day of September next. The Mill houſe is 42 by 40 feet, three ſtories high, built with ſtone, and has in it 3 pair of French burr ſtons, two overſhot 18 feet water wheels, and Evans's machinery complete, with every other thing proper and neceſſary for carrying on the buſineſs with diſpatch, and at as little expence as poſſible, all in good order.—From the mill to my landing on the Potomac river, (where crafts of any burthen may deliver grain, and take in flour) it is about 40 yards, and from thence by water to George-Town and the City of Waſhington, about three miles, and to Alexandria about 11 miles. This ſituation aided by a ſufficient capital, will command the produce of a very extenſive back country, where large quantities of wheat and other grain is annually made, the diſtance to it being from 8 to 10 miles leſs, than to any market town upon the navigation of the Potowmack. There are on the premiſſes a large ſtone Cooper's ſhop, a ſtone granery and a commodious Miller's houſe. At the landing aforeſaid a bridge is now building over the Potomac, which is in great forwardneſs and probably will be finiſhed the enſuing Fall.

There are alſo on the premiſes a Brewery and Diſtillery built with ſtone, in them are three ſtills, two coppers or boilers, with every neceſſary article, all new, and in good order, and ſufficiently large to carry on the Brewery and Diſtillery, upon a very extenſive plan. This property I will rent for the ſame term of years.

Upon my lands adjoining the premiſes, and along the banks of the river, where crafts may load with eaſe and diſpatch, is an immenſe quantity of building and foundation ſtones, four quarries are now open, and as many more may be opened with eaſe, the ſtone taken from theſe quarries is better, and has the preference at this market, to any other ſtone brought to it. I will rent theſe quarries ſeperately or together as may beſt ſuit.

Upon the top of the hill, and about 200 yards from the Mill is a ſtone Dwelling houſe, large enough for the accommodation of a family, alſo, a kitchen, Dairy, ſmoke houſe, &c. and a garden encloſed, and in cultivation, the ſoil of which is equal in goodneſs to any in this ſtate. I will alſo rent this property.

Adjoining to the Brewery and Diſtillery is a Smith's ſhop in which is a complete ſet of Blackſmith's tools, which I will alſo rent, and if agreeable I will hire to the tenant two negro blackſmiths, one of them is a complete workman.

If I rent out the ſtone quarries, I will ſell three crafts which were built for the purpoſe of carrying ſtone. They will altogether bring upwards of 90 perch. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given, for terms apply to the ſubſcriber in this town.

The Mill, Brewery and Diſtillery with their appurtenances will be delivered to the tenant or tenants in good repair, and muſt be ſo returned, at the expiration of the leaſe or leaſes.

PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL.

Alex. Auguſt 16.

GEORGE DRINKER and SAMUEL STANSBURY having entered into partnerſhip under the firm of

Drinker and Stanſbury,

In the ſtore formerly occupied by George Drinker, have now opened a general aſſortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery and Braſs Wares, Caſtings, &c.

White Lead Ground in Oil
Spaniſh Brown do. do.
Yellow Ochre do. do.

Red lead; Pruſſian blue; patent yellow; vermilion; verdigriſe; chalk; whiting and putty; 7-8, 8-10, 9-11 and 10-12 window glaſs; powder and ſhot; copal and common varniſh; ſpirits of turpentine; hatters trimmings; aqua fortis; quick ſilver; logwood and glue; white ſoap; mould and dipp'd candles; ſlates; bruſhes; corks, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A ſmall aſſortment of DRY GOODS wholeſale, conſiſting of cloths, caſſimers muſlins, hoſiery, modes, nankeens, ribbons &c. July 14.

Lands for Sale.

BY virtue of a power of Attorney, which is of record in Prince William county, from Mrs. Catharine Douglaſs of Scotland, and her daughters; the ſubſcriber will ſell that valuable and very productive FARM on Cedar Run in the ſaid county, which is conveyed by Robert Brent, deceaſed, and Ann his wife, to the executors of James Douglaſs for the purpoſe in his will mentioned being part of the well known Brenton Tract.

It contains about 850 acres of which a ſmall part is under leaſe, during the life of an old lady. The whole of the farm is incloſed and divided into 3 fields, on one of which will be ſown this ſeaſon 200 buſhels of wheat of the firſt quality. A ſmall part only of this land remains in woods; but if the purchaſer or purchoſers ſhall chooſe, along with this farm will be ſold 150 acres near it, 110 of which are ſuppoſed to be heavily covered with timber, valuable for building as well as fencing, both theſe tracts are within 14 miles miles of Dumfries, 18 from Occoquan mills, and 35 from Alexandria.

If it be the choice of the purchaſer, he may, with this farm buy the ſlaves (which are valuable,) the ſtock and all the farming utenſils.

The tract of land on Aquia creek, on which Mrs. Douglaſs formerly did live, containing about 250 acres, and which has been conveyed to the executors of Mr. Douglaſs in the manner above mentioned, is alſo for ſale, by virtue of the ſaid power of attorney. On this land is a valuable body of [illegible] ſtone, and the navigation is as good as [illegible] on the creek—there are two tenements on it but no leaſe. It is diſtant from Fredericksburg, about 13 miles, from Dumfries, 12; and is below the quarries belonging to the Public.

Purchaſers upon paying down, at Chriſtmas next, one third of the purchaſe money, may then have poſſeſſion; and annual inſtalments for the remainder, at two, (or if a very favorable price be offered) at three payments.

ALEX. HENDERSON.

Dumfries, Virginia, Auguſt 20. 3wep

Bank of Alexandria,

JUNE 16, 1796

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcription Book is kept open at the Bank for the purpoſe of receiving ſubſcriptions to the augmented ſtock, and will continue open until the whole number of ſhares are filled up. By order of the board

GURDEN CHAPIN, Caſh'r.

N. B. Any Bank Paper from Philadelphia to Alexandria, will be taken for the money to be paid at the time of ſubſcribing.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
At his ſtore on Harper's Wharf,

French Brandy in Pipes

or barrels; Jamaica ſpirits in hhds. or bbls. ſeveral hundred gallons New-England rum; whiſkey in tierces or barrels; claret wine in tierces; excellent port wine in pipes or ſmaller quantities; Malaga and Liſbon wines in pipes or quarter caſks; byſon, byſon ſkin and other teas; loaf ſugar by the barrel or loaf; moiſt do. of different qualities, by the hhd. or barrel; St. Ube's ſalt, any quantity above 3 buſhels at 4/3 per do. under, 4/6; Liverpool ſalt in bag as imported at 22s. per ſack; do. by the buſhel 4/6; excellent cured herrings at five dollars per barrel. Purchaſers, by applying, will find it to their advantage, as I am determined to ſell on reaſonable terms.

ROBERT HENDERSON.

ALEXANDER SMITH

RESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Alexandria, and its vicinity, that he has ſelected and intends to have always for ſale, the beſt FLOUR for family uſe.—He alſo begs leave to inform the Public that he has on hand an extenſive aſſortment of BOULTING CLOTHS, warranted to be of the firſt quality, and will be ſold at the moſt reduced prices for caſh, at his Warehouſe on Union ſtreet.

Sept. 15. t. f.

NOTICE.

ALL perſons are forwarned not to take an aſſignment of any Notes of Hand, Bonds, or acceptances from Lemuel Bent, & Co. having my name upon them as principal or endorſer, I having in my poſſeſſion their notes of hand to a much greater amount. JOHN B. DABNEY.

Sept. 15,

Carne & Slade

Have juſt received from Philadelphia a general aſſortment of

Bar Iron, Share Moulds,

Bliſtered Steel, and Waggon Boxes, which they offer for ſale at their ſtore in Fairfax-ſtreet, adjoining Ricketts and Newton's new Buildings.—They fully intend keeping a conſtant ſupply, and paying due attention to thoſe who may be pleaſed to favour them with their commands, in order that they may meet with no diſappointment, for they ſhall be regular in their Spring and Fall importations of Crawley Steel, Anvils, Vices, Files, Raſps, Sheet Iron, Sledges, and Hammers, with nearly every other article which a Blackſmith wants, they flatter themſelves no perſon will be able to give more general ſatisfaction.

N. B. By the very firſt veſſels from Liverpool and Briſtol they expect a very general aſſortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, and Earthen Ware.

Sept. 3. eptf

NOTICE.

ALL thoſe who have any accounts againſt RICHARD ARELL, dec'd. are once more requeſted to bring them forward legally atteſted for ſettlement, or they will be deemed as paid, if not brought in to the ſubſcribers on or before the laſt day of October next. Alſo, thoſe who are indebted will pleaſe to make immediate payment, or there will be ſuits brought againſt all that ſtand indebted on the books of ſaid R. Arell.

P. G. MARSTELLER, GEORGE JENKINS. } Adm'rs

Sept. 17. 3wep

Six Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber on Friday the 6th inſt. a negro fellow, known in the neighbourhood by the name of JOHN WILKES, has but one eye, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, and about 28 or 30 years of age; he has a fondneſs for the ſea, and may probably offer to ſhip himſelf, maſters of veſſels are therefore hereby forewarned from taking him. He took with him 2 white tow oſnaburg ſhirts, 1 pair of cotton, and two pair of oſnabrug trouſers, an old brown cloth and one ditto caſimier coat, and two or three waiſtcoats. The above reward will be given on his being committed to the workhouſe in this town.

J. B. NICKOLLS.

Sept. 17.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Loudoun County, Virginia, near the Great Falls of Potomack, on the 2d inſt. a negro man, named LUKE, about 20 years of age, about 6 feet high, of a yellow complexion, has a large ſcar in his forehead, occaſioned by the kick of a horſe, ſtout and well made, a bold talkative fellow, and very apt to get drunk and ſwear, had on and took away with him two oznaburg ſhirts, and one pair of trouſers, a pair of red ſtriped cotton do. an old white ſhirt, an old red jacket, and a ſtriped cotton do. an old white hat, a ſhort ſailor's jacket, of white plain lapels turned up with red, an old white cotton coat, an an old pair of ſhoes, and probably more clothes unknown. He went off for the crime of raviſhing a girl about 12 years of age. Whoever takes up the ſaid fellow, and ſecures him in any jail ſo that I get him again ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid if brought home. The ſaid fellow has ſome acquaintance in Alexandria, and a mother near the City of Waſhington, the property of Mr. Nailer. All maſters of veſſels and others are forwarned from carrying off, or harboring the ſaid fellow, as they will be dealt with as the law directs.

DRUSILLAR ACTON.

Sept. 6. 3 t.

Fifty Dollars Reward

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Fauquier county, on the 29th ult. a Mulatto Man, named WILLIS, by trade a carpenter, and cooper, nearly 6 feet high, about 25 years of age; had on when he went away a ſhort, blue, regimental coat, turned up with red; his other cloathing not recollected. He may endeavour to paſs as a freeman. I will give the above reward to any perſon who will deliver him to me in Fauquier county, or Twenty Dollars for ſecuring him any gaol, ſo that I get him again.

FRANCIS WHITING.

September 7, 1796.

WASHINGTON CANAL LOTTERY.

NO. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorized us the underwritten to raiſe twenty-ſix thouſand two hundred and fifty dollars, for the purpoſe of cutting a canal through the City of Waſhington, from the Potomac to the Eaſtern Branch harbour. The following is the ſcheme of No. I.—viz.

PRIZES.		DOLLS.		DOLLS.
1	of	20,000	is	20,000
1	—	10,000	—	10,000
7 laſt drawn tickets each		5,000	are	35,000
6	of	1,000	—	6,000
10	—	400	—	4,000
20	—	100	—	2,000
55	—	50	—	2,750
5,750	—	12	—	69,000
To be raiſed for the canal				26,250
5,850 PRIZES,				175,000
11,640 BLANKS, not 2 to a prize.				
17,500 Tickets, at 10 Dollars,				175,000

☞ The COMMISSIONERS have taken the Securities required by the aforeſaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The Drawing of this Lottery will commence without delay, as ſoon as the tickets are ſold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in ſix months after the drawing is finiſhed, ſhall be conſidered as relinquiſhed for the benefit of the canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(Signed)
NOTLEY YOUNG.
DANIEL CARROLL, of D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS.
GEORGE WALKER.
Wm. M DUNCANON.
THOMAS LAW.
JAMES BARRY.

☞ Tickets in the above Lottery may be had of Mr. Guy Atkinſon, Fairfax ſtreet, Alexandria.

City of Waſhington, April 23.

HARDWARE.

Joſeph Riddle & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED
In the ſhip Alexandria from Liverpool, a general aſſortment of
HARDWARE.

ALSO,

Dimities, Fuſtians, Jeans, Thickſts, Sheetings, and Iriſh Linens. 4d. 6d 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. Nails and Sprig aſſorted. Crowley Steel in half faggots. Anvils and Vices.—They have on hand, from their former importations, a great variety of DRY GOODS.—Sail-cloth, from No. 1 to 8. White Lead, Spanih Brown, and Yellow Ochre, dry and in oil. Nutmegs, Fig Blue, Alum, Mader, Shot, and Lead. Which they offer for ſale on the uſual credit, at their Wholſale Warehouſe on Swift's Alley, oppoſite to Fatton & Butcher's Iron Store.

May 20

Stores to be let, &c.

SUNDRY Stores to be let, ſuitable for the ſtoring of Weſt India produce, flour, &c. ſituate in the neighbourhood of the Union Brew-Houſe, by the ſubſcriber, who will contract for any quantity of good clean Barley, weighing 45lb. pr buſhel, not to exceed twelve thouſand buſhels, all over weight to be paid for extra—enquire at his Dry Good Store, in King ſtreet, near Royal Street, No. 3, where he has for ſale, a large and general aſſortment of Merchandiſe, among which are of the beſt

Superfine Broad-cloths and Caſimeres,
Iriſh Linens, Muſlins, &c. &c.

All of which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms.

ROBERT SMOCK.

Sept. 8. eptf.

Contracts for Cut-Stone.

SUCH Stone cutters as chooſe to contract for cut-ſtone, wanted for the Locks at the Great Falls, may by application to me at the City of Waſhington, or at the Great-Falls of Potowack, know the ſcantling as alſo the terms of contract.

N. B. A bond and aſhler is prepared for the inſpection of any perſon diſpoſed to give in propoſals.

C. MYERS,
Enginier to the Potomack Company

City of Waſhington, April 19.

ALEXANDRIA—PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUSE.